

I. hy_uhd_prim2flx.F90

Consider the momentum and induction equations:

$$\frac{\partial \rho u}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho u u - B B) + \nabla \cdot p_{tot} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (u B - B u) = 0 \quad (2)$$

The x-components of the above two equations are:

$$\frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \rho u_x u_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \rho u_y u_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \rho u_z u_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial B_x B_x}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial B_y B_x}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial B_z B_x}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial p_{tot}}{\partial x} = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (u_y B_x - u_x B_y)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial (u_z B_x - u_x B_z)}{\partial z} = 0 \quad (4)$$

In the subroutine hy_uhd_prim2flx, for dir==DIR_X the fluxes are calculated as followings:

$$F(F02XMOM_FLUX) = \rho u_x u_x - B_x B_x + p_{tot}$$

$$F(F03YMOM_FLUX) = \rho u_y u_x - B_y B_x$$

$$F(F04ZMOM_FLUX) = \rho u_z u_x - B_z B_x$$

#ifdef FLASH_USM_MHD

$$F(F06MAGX_FLUX) = 0.0$$

#endif

$$F(F07MAGY_FLUX) = u_x B_y - u_y B_x$$

$$F(F08MAGZ_FLUX) = u_x B_z - u_z B_x$$

The fluxes F(F02XMOM_FLUX), F(F03YMOM_FLUX) and F(F04ZMOM_FLUX) are coded based on equation (3). However, the F(F07MAGY_FLUX) and F(F08MAGZ_FLUX) are written in an opposite way with equation (4). I think if (3) is coded properly, then (4) has to be coded as followings:

$$F(F07MAGY_FLUX) = u_y B_x - u_x B_y$$

$$F(F08MAGZ_FLUX) = u_z B_x - u_x B_z$$

I don't know what I thought is right or wrong? If it is wrong then can you explain why the magnetic fields are oppositely coded with equation (4).

II. hy_uhd_addViscousFluxes.F90

The viscosity term is added into the momentum equation is as following:

$$\frac{\partial \rho u}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho u u - BB) + \nabla p_{tot} - \nabla \cdot \tau = 0 \quad (5)$$

where

$$\tau = \mu \left[(\nabla u) + (\nabla u)^T - \frac{2}{3} (\nabla \cdot u) I \right].$$

The x-component of equation (5) can be written as

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial t} + [...] + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mu \left(-\frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \mu \left(-\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} \right) \\ + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \mu \left(-\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x} \right) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

Where $[...] \equiv \frac{\partial \rho u_x u_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \rho u_y u_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \rho u_z u_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial B_x B_x}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial B_y B_x}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial B_z B_x}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial p_{tot}}{\partial x}$.

The viscosity term is controlled by subroutine hy_uhd_addViscousFluxes.

Consider the case dir==DIR_X, the viscous flux is coded as following:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX:F04ZMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX:F04ZMOM_FLUX) \& \\ - \text{id}x * \mu_loc * (U(\text{VELX_VAR}:\text{VELZ_VAR},ix,iz) - U(\text{VELX_VAR}:\text{VELZ_VAR},ix-1,iz)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) - \text{id}x * \mu_loc * (U(\text{VELX_VAR},ix,iz) - \\ U(\text{VELX_VAR},ix-1,iz))/3. \end{aligned}$$

These two command lines can be rewritten as

$$\text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) - \mu \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x}$$

$$\text{Flux}(F03YMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F03YMOM_FLUX) - \mu \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x}$$

$$\text{Flux}(F04ZMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F04ZMOM_FLUX) - \mu \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x}$$

#if NDIM >= 2

!! d/dz=0

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) + \text{id}y * \mu_loc * \& \\ (U(\text{VELY_VAR},ix,iz) - U(\text{VELY_VAR},ix,iz-1)) + \& \\ U(\text{VELY_VAR},ix-1,iz) - U(\text{VELY_VAR},ix-1,iz-1))/3. \end{aligned}$$

This line can be rewritten as

$$\text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) = \text{Flux}(F02XMOM_FLUX) + \mu \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} \text{ ???}$$

I think that we should multiply 0.5 to get the exact form of Flux(F02XMOM_FLUX)

$$\text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) = \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) + \mu \frac{2}{3} \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y}$$

#if NDIM == 3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) = & \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) + 0.5 * \text{idz} * \mu_{\text{loc}} * \& \\ & (2./3.) * (U(\text{VELZ_VAR}, \text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - U(\text{VELY_VAR}, \text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)) + \& \\ & U(\text{VELZ_VAR}, \text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - U(\text{VELY_VAR}, \text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)) / 2. \end{aligned}$$

This line can be rewritten as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) = & \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) + \\ & \mu \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{u_z(\text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - u_y(\text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)}{\Delta z} + \frac{u_z(\text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - u_y(\text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)}{\Delta z} \right) \end{aligned}$$

I think that this line is not coded correctly. It should be like this

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) = & \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) + \\ & \mu \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{u_z(\text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - u_z(\text{ix}, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)}{2\Delta z} + \frac{u_z(\text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}+1) - u_z(\text{ix}-1, \text{iy}, \text{iz}-1)}{2\Delta z} \right) \\ = & \text{Flux}(\text{F02XMOM_FLUX}) + \mu \frac{2}{3} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \end{aligned}$$

If what I thought is wrong, please give explanations. Thank you very much.